Objective: After students compare and contrast the political ideals on national banking of Thomas Jefferson and Alexander Hamilton using read and retell, students will analyze the lyrics of "Cabinet Battle #1" and "Nonstop", from the Broadway production *Hamilton: An American Musical* in a homework assignment, in order to make memorable historical connections, scoring at least 8/10 correct on the assignment.

Standards and Indicators

New York State Standards for Social Studies

Key Idea

11.2d Under the new Constitution, the young nation sought to achieve national security and political stability, as the three branches of government established their relationships with each other and the states.

Key Concept

Students will examine Hamilton's economic plan, the debate surrounding the plan, and its impacts on the development of political parties.

Indicator: This will be evident when students inquire about Hamilton and Jefferson's contrasting ideas on the creation of the national bank, and analyze its outcome.

National Social Studies Standards and Themes

Key Idea

IV. Individual Development & Identity

Key Concept

- F. explore factors that contribute to one's personal identity such as interests, capabilities, and perceptions;
- G. analyze a particular event to identify reasons individuals might respond to it in different ways;

Indicator: This will be evident when students compare and contrast the ideals of Hamilton and Jefferson and identify why they may have disagreed on whether or not the creation of a national bank was constitutional.

NCSS Inquiry Arc Standards

Key Idea

Dimension 2: Students will analyze societal issues, trends, and events by applying concepts and tools from civics, economics, geography, and history. Look with lens and skills of the discipline.

Indicator: This will be evident when students analyze the issue of the bank debate and draw conclusions on to whether the creation of the national bank was and is Constitutional.

Social Studies Practices: Habits of Mind

- C. Comparison and Contextualization
 - 2. Categorize divergent perspectives of an individual historical event.
- F. Civic Participation
 - 1. Demonstrate respect for the rights of others in discussion and classroom debates, regardless of whether one agrees with the other viewpoint. Consider alternate views in discussion, with teacher support.

Indicator: This will be evident when students compare and contrast the viewpoints of Hamilton and Jefferson and their outlook on the creation of a national bank.

Common Core ElA Standards

College and Career Readiness Standards in Reading, Speaking, and Listening

- 8. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.
- 2. Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

Indicator: This will be evident when students listen to the Read and Retell of the Bank Controversy outcome and analyze its significance.

Materials

- SMART board
- Hamilton: "Nonstop" lyrics
- Hamilton: "Nonstop" song
- Prezi
- Index Cards
- Read and Retell Passage #1: Antifederalists and Federalists
- Read and Retell Passage #2: Solution on the Bank Debate
- Graphic Organizer
- Hamilton: "Cabinet Battle #1" lyrics
- Hamilton "Cabinet Battle #1" song
- Homework Assignment
- Homework Answer Key

Motivation

Students will listen to "Nonstop" from the Broadway production Hamilton: An American Musical, and with the lyrics that will be provided, will highlight any reference they note about Anti-Federalists and Federalists

Strategies

- Direct Instruction
- Cooperative Learning
- Group Discussion
- Read and Retell

Developmental Procedures

- 1. The teacher will begin the conversation of Jefferson and Hamilton with an analogy that provokes thinking and will get students on the track of deciding which founding father they agree with more, by asking the following question: "Imagine you are in a controlling relationship and you and your significant other break up. You then meet another person who you get to know and like, but as time goes on they begin to show qualities of your ex significant other. What do you do?" The idea is to relate students to something that is easily comprehensible to them, but the concept is supposed to reflect the mindset of the Anti-Federalists and their retaliation against a strong, British reflected, government.
- 2. Read and Retell #1: Federalists v.s. Anti federalists. The teacher will create heterogeneous pairs and will pass out index cards to every student in the class. The teacher will read aloud two separate paragraphs, two times each, describing the main political ideals of the Anti-Federalists and the Federalists. During each second reading, students will write down 5 words that they think are important in the paragraph. Students will then take turns using their five words to retell their partner the passage using the five words that they wrote down. The student who is listening to the retell will guess which five words their partner picked. At the end of each activity, the teacher will ask how many students got all of their partner's words correct in order to make a game out of the activity. Following the read and retell #1, students will respond to the following questions: What is the difference between Federalists and Antifederalists? (Literal), Do you think the creation of a national bank is Constitutional? (Inferential), Predict how you think a solution will be created? (Metacognitive)
- 3. Read and Retell #2: The teacher will repeat the read and retell activity using a passage #2, which is based on the solution to the bank controversy. Following this, the teacher will ask, and praise, the pairs who successfully got each other's words correct. After this activity the teacher will ask a series of questions to activate students' higher order thinking skills. What was the outcome of the bank debate between Hamilton and Jefferson? (literal), Does any of the information you learned in class today reflect either your questions or facts from Cabinet Battle #1 that you wrote down at the beginning of class? (Inferential) How do you think society would look if the debate was settled in favor of Jefferson's plan? (metacognitive)
- 4. Students will complete a T chart graphic organizer that compares and contrasts the political ideals of Anti-Federalists and Federalists, focusing on the bank debate between Hamilton and Jefferson. Students will also reflect on if their predictions on the outcome

of the debate were correct, and if they were not, will clarify any misconceptions on the graphic organizer.

Adaptations

- The English Language Learner will be provided the lyrics both in their native language and in English and will use both lyrics as a guide to understand and comprehend the content that is being presented in the song.
- The Student with a hearing disability will be provided with the questions that the teacher plans to ask, as well as a copy of the Read and Retell Passage on the Bank Debate.
- The student with fine motor issues will be able to write down their five words during the Read and Retell with an iPad.

Differentiation Of Instruction

- Auditory learners will be reached when students listen to the read and retell passage about the bank controversy.
- Visual learners will be reached when they complete the graphic organizer that sites the differences between Hamilton and Jefferson's political ideals, specifically, focusing on the bank debate.
- Interpersonal students will reached when students retell their versions of the passage by using the five words they wrote down on an index card.
- Musical learners will be reached when analyzing the song "Cabinet Battle #1".

Assessment

- The teacher will observe students as they retell the passage and check for accuracy (Informal).
- The teacher will assess for misconceptions when students complete their graphic organizer (Informal).
- Students will analyze the lyrics of Cabinet Battle #1, from the Broadway production Hamilton in a homework assignment, in order to make memorable historical connections, scoring at least 8/10 correct on the assignment (Formal).

Independent Practice

Students will synthesize the lyrics of "Cabinet Battle #1" and decode the historical significance of the song, by completing a series of guided questions

Follow Up: Direct Teacher Intervention and Enrichment

Direct Teacher Intervention: The teacher will show a short video of the bank debate and will assist students in answering the guided questions. Afterwards, the teacher will create a 3-D timeline with the students that depict the chain of events that occurred during the bank debate, including its outcome.

Enrichment: Students will complete a current events essay on how the modern day Congress reflect that of Federalists and Antifederalists difficulty with agreeing on issues and coming to a compromise.

Non Stop Lyric Excerpts

Talks for six hours! The convention is

listless!

[HAMILTON]

I practiced the law, I practic'ly perfected it

I've seen injustice in the world and I've

corrected it

Now for a strong central democracy

If not, then I'll be Socrates

Throwing verbal rocks at these mediocrities

[BURR]

Hamilton, at the Constitutional Convention:

[HAMILTON]

I was chosen for the Constitutional

Convention!

[BURR]

There as a New York junior delegate:

[HAMILTON]

Now what I'm going to say may sound

indelicate...

[BURR]

Goes and proposes his own form of

government!His own plan for a new form of

government!

[BURR]

[BURR]

Why do you always say what you

believe?

Why do you always say what you

believe?

Ev'ry proclamation guarantees free

ammunition for your enemies!

[BURR & MEN]

Why do you write like it's

Going out of style?

Write day and night like it's Going out of

style?

[BURR & COMPANY]

Ev'ry day you fight like it's

Going out of style

Do what you do

[BURR]

Alexander?

[HAMILTON]

Aaron Burr, sir

[BURR]

It's the middle of the night

[HAMILTON]

Can we confer, sir? [HAMILTON]

[BURR] I disagree

Is this a legal matter? [BURR]

[HAMILTON] And if it fails?

Yes, and it's important to me [HAMILTON]

[BURR] Burr, that's why we need it

What do you need? [BURR]

[HAMILTON] The constitution's a mess

Burr, you're a better lawyer than me [HAMILTON]

[BURR] So it needs amendments

Okay [BURR]

[HAMILTON] It's full of contradictions

I know I talk too much, I'm abrasive [HAMILTON]

You're incredible in court. You're So is independence

succinct, persuasive We have to start somewhere

My client needs a strong defense. You're [BURR]

the solution No. No way

[BURR] [HAMILTON]

Who's your client? You're making a mistake

[HAMILTON] [BURR]

The new U.S. Constitution? Good night

[HAMILTON] [HAMILTON]

A series of essays, anonymously published Hey

Defending the document to the public What are you waiting for?

[BURR] What do you stall for?

No one will read it [BURR] What?

[HAMILTON]

We won the war

What was it all for?

Do you support this constitution?

[BURR]

Of course

[HAMILTON]

Then defend it

[BURR]

And what if you're backing the wrong

horse?

[HAMILTON]

Burr, we studied and we fought and we

killed

For the notion of a nation we now get to

build

For once in your life, take a stand with pride

I don't understand how you stand to the side

[BURR]

I'll keep all my plans

Close to my chest

I'll wait here and see

Which way the wind

Will blow

I'm taking my time

Watching the

After birth of a nation

Watching the tension grow

I'm accompanied by someone who always

pays

I have found a wealthy husband

Who will keep me in comfort for all my

days

He is not a lot of fun, but there's no one

Who can match you for turn of phrase

My Alexander

[ANGELICA]

Don't forget to write

[ELIZA]

Look at where you are

Look at where you started

The fact that you're alive is a miracle

Just stay alive, that would be enough

And if your wife could share a fraction of

your time

If I could grant you peace of mind

Would that be enough?

[BURR] Alexander joins forces with James

Madison and John Jay to write a series of

essays defending the new United States

Constitution, entitled The Federalist

Papers. The plan was to write a total of

twenty-five essays, the work divided evenly among the three men.

Read and Retell Passage #1: Federalists vs. Anti-federalists

Paragraph 1

The conflict between the Federalists and the Anti-federalists shaped much of the nation's early political debate and policy. The Federalists, led by Secretary of Treasury Alexander Hamilton, pushed for a strong central government, while the Anti-federalists, led by Secretary of State Thomas Jefferson, advocated states' rights over central power. Anti-federalists argued that the federal government should be limited to issues of national defense and interstate commerce, with all other powers left to the states. The Anti-federalists were mainly southern and agrarian, while the Federalists were concentrated in the Northeast and represented mercantile interests.

Paragraph 2

The growing divide between Federalists and Anti-federalists revealed itself most in the debate over national finances. In 1790, Hamilton proposed that the national government assume the unpaid war debts of the states. Anti-federalists believed this plan granted the national government undue economic power over the states. Southern states particularly opposed the plan, since they had already paid off nearly all of their debts while the northern states lagged behind. Despite Southern and Anti-federalist opposition, the plan passed, in part because of a concession by the North to the South: in 1800, the nation's capital was moved from New York to a southern locale near the Potomac River, present-day Washington, D.C.

Questions

What is the difference between Federalists and Antifederalists? (Literal), Do you think the creation of a national bank is Constitutional?(Inferential), Predict how you think a solution will be created? (Metacognitive)

Read and Retell Passage #2: Bank Debate

After much debate, Congress created the First Bank of the United States, and President Washington signed it into law amid grave misgivings in 1791. Thomas Jefferson had opposed the bank saying it vastly exceeded what was specified in the Constitution and that it opened "a boundless field of power, no longer susceptible of any definition." Hamilton countered that the power to charter corporations was inherent in government and that the Constitution authorized Congress to pass any laws "necessary and proper for carrying into execution . . . powers vested by the Constitution in the government of the United States." This provision came to be known as the "elastic clause" for its opening to a broad interpretation or "loose construction" of the powers granted to the government by the Constitution.

Questions

What was the outcome of the bank debate between Hamilton and Jefferson? (literal), Does any of the information you learned in class today reflect either your questions or facts from Cabinet Battle #1 that you wrote down at the beginning of class? (Inferential) How do you think society would look if the debate was settled in favor of Jefferson's plan? (metacognitive)

Graphic Organizer

Hamilton

Jefferson

Federalist or Anti-Federalist:	Federalist or Anti-Federalist:
Did or did not believe in the National Bank?	Did or did not believe in the National Bank?
Yes/ No (Circle one)	Yes/ No (Circle one)
Absorbed every states as the federal	Wanted every state to pay back their own on their own because
Believed that the amendment or the in the Constitution allows for the creation of a national bank	Believed that the amendment or the in the Constitution does not call for the creation of a national bank.
Strong or lose interpreter of the Constitution?	Strong or lose interpreter of the Constitution?
This means that:	This means that:
Outcome of the E Hamilton's side won in what ways?: Jefferson's side won in what ways?:	Bank Controversy

Cabinet Battle #1 Lyrics

WASHINGTON:

Ladies and gentlemen, you could been anywhere in the world tonight, but you're here with us in New York City. Are you ready for a cabinet meeting???

The issue on the table: Secretary

Hamilton's plan to assume state debt and establish a national bank.

Secretary Jefferson, you have the floor, sir

JEFFERSON:

'Life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.'

We fought for these ideals; we shouldn't settle for less

These are wise words, enterprising men quote 'em

Don't act surprised, you guys, cuz I wrote 'em

JEFFERSON & MADISON:

Oww

JEFFERSON:

But Hamilton forgets

His plan would have the government assume states debts

Now, place your bets as to who that benefits:

The very seat of government where Hamilton sits

HAMILTON:
Not true!

JEFFERSON:

Ooh, if the shoe fits, wear it

If New York's in debt—

Why should Virginia bear it? Uh! Our debts are paid, I'm afraid

Don't tax the South cuz we got it made in the shade

In Virginia, we plant seeds in the ground We create. You just wanna move our money around

This financial plan is an outrageous demand And it's too many damn pages for any man to understand

Stand with me in the land of the free And pray to God we never see Hamilton's candidacy

Look, when Britain taxed our tea, we got frisky

Imagine what gon' happen when you try to tax our whisky

WASHINGTON:

Thank you, Secretary Jefferson. Secretary Hamilton, your response

HAMILTON.

Thomas. That was a real nice declaration Welcome to the present, we're running a real nation

Would you like to join us, or stay mellow Doin' whatever the hell it is you do in Monticello?

If we assume the debts, the union gets A new line of credit, a financial diuretic

How do you not get it? If we're aggressive and competitive

The union gets a boost. You'd rather give it a sedative?

A civics lesson from a slaver. Hey neighbor

Your debts are paid cuz you don't pay for labor

"We plant seeds in the South. We create." Yeah, keep ranting

We know who's really doing the planting

And another thing, Mr. Age of

Enlightenment

Don't lecture me about the war, you didn't fight in it

You think I'm frightened of you, man?

We almost died in a trench

While you were off getting high with the

French

Thomas Jefferson, always hesitant with the President

Reticent—there isn't a plan he doesn't jettison

Madison, you're mad as a hatter, son, take your medicine

Damn, you're in worse shape than the national debt is in

Sittin' there useless as two shits

Hey, turn around, bend over, I'll show you

Where my shoe fits

WASHINGTON:

Excuse me? Jefferson, Madison, take a walk! Hamilton, take a walk! We'll reconvene after a brief

recess Hamilton!

HAMILTON:

Sir!

WASHINGTON:

A word

MADISON:

You don't have the votes

JEFFERSON/MADISON:

You don't have the votes

JEFFERSON:

Aha-ha-ha ha!

JEFFERSON/MADISON:

You're gonna need congressional approval and you don't have the votes

JEFFERSON:

Such a blunder sometimes it makes me wonder why I even bring the thunder

MADISON:

Why he even brings the thunder...

WASHINGTON:

You wanna pull yourself together?

HAMILTON:

I'm sorry, these Virginians are birds of a

feather

WASHINGTON:

Young man, I'm from Virginia, so watch

your mouth

HAMILTON.

So we let Congress get held hostage by the

South?

WASHINGTON:

You need the votes

HAMILTON:

No, we need bold strokes. We need this plan

WASHINGTON:

No, you need to convince more folks

HAMILTON:

James Madison won't talk to me, that's a

nonstarter

WASHINGTON:

Winning was easy, young man. Governing's

harder

HAMILTON:

They're being intransigent

WASHINGTON:

You have to find a compromise

HAMILTON:

But they don't have a plan, they just hate

mine!

WASHINGTON:

Convince them otherwise

HAMILTON:

What happens if I don't get congressional

approval?

WASHINGTON:

I imagine they'll call for your removal

HAMILTON:

Sir—

WASHINGTON:

Figure it out, Alexander. That's an order

from your commander

Homework Assignment: Analyzing "Nonstop" and "Cabinet Battle #1"

Directions: Using the song and lyrics to Cabinet Battle #1, and Nonstop (the song from class) analyze the lyrics and find their historical significance.

1.	Using the song "Nonstop," describe the difference between Federalists and Antifederalists
2.	Who are the two characters arguing in Cabinet Battle #1 and why?
3.	What does the lyric "A civics lesson from a slaver. Hey neighbor your debts are paid cuz you don't pay for labor," spoken by Hamilton say about Jefferson's character?
4.	What document does Alexander Hamilton, James Madison, and John Jay create? Provide lyrical evidence from "Nonstop"
5.	Analyze the quote "Look, when Britain taxed our tea, we got frisky, Imagine what gon' happen when you try to tax our whisky," and describe its significance *hint* you may need to do some investigating
6.	In the song "Nonstop," What was Hamilton asking of Burr? Provide lyrical evidence and justify it.

7.	What did Jefferson mean when he says "If New York's in debt—Why should Virginia bear it? Uh! Our debts are paid, I'm afraid!"
8.	Find three lyrical references that discuss Hamilton's plan for the National Bank
9.	Find three lyrical references that support Jefferson's plan for the National Bank
10.	When the cabinet is discussing the need for Congressional votes "you need Congressional approval and you don't have the votes", what were they referring to?

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